

RUSSIA HOLDS OUT FOR DOUBLE WHEAT QUOTA

London, Eng.—Another meeting between representatives of the "big four" exporting nations and the Russian delegate at Carthage, held in an effort to solve the problem arising from the Soviet Government's demand for the right to export about double the amount allotted to it, broke up with an official statement that "no definite conclusions have been reached."

The Russian, Abraham Gourevitch, told the press that his government had not changed its position. "Why should we?" he asked.

The official statement said that "further negotiations will be carried on between the governments."

The Soviet delegate, who left the meeting before its conclusion, said that the representatives of the big powers might meet again early in November.

Under the international wheat agreement drawn up at the world economic conference Russia would be permitted to export 44,000,000 bushels.

Russia turned down a conditional offer from Canada and the United States to increase the Soviet allotment for the coming year by 22 per cent.

A reservation was made in this offer that there was to be no increase unless world demand justified extending the 560,000,000 bushel limit for world exports tentatively adopted at the recent wheat conference.

This would have meant a direct appeal by Canada to the United States as the original agreement was that these two countries were to share any possible extension in the world quota.

The Russian delegate insisted his nation must have two-thirds of the tentative allotment of 37,000,000 bushels to satisfy her needs.

The conditional increase offered to Russia was 4,000,000 bushels in an equal basis with the United States, whose allotment is 47,000,000.

Russia's action by the Soviet Union will probably end efforts here to bring Russia into the world wheat agreement at least until November.

The Russian delegate said when he left that he had not been in communication with Moscow before he conferred with the other delegates. Previously, however, it had been understood by other delegates that the meeting had been called to hear Moscow's response to the increase offer.

British Aviators Killed

Two Burned To Death When Planes Were Wrecked

London, Eng.—Two Royal Air Force planes crashed as they were returning from the manoeuvres of the home fleet off Scotland and two men were burned to death. A third man was missing and six others were forced down by thick weather.

The two men killed crashed at St. Andrew, Northumberland, in a bomber. Crew of the second plane, which was wrecked at Sunderland, escaped. None of the ships forced down was damaged.

Death of the two men aboard the bomber brought to 44 the number of fatalities in the air force this year.

Fate Still A Mystery
St. John's, Nfld.—The trackless wastes of Canada's Arctic region still hold in icy clutch the fate of two German scientists who ventured into the northland more than two years ago. Back from the north after months on frozen Ellesmere Island, Royal Canadian Mounted Police officers on board the steamer "Nascopie," said Wednesday night they had failed to find traces of Kruger and Keyser.

Lindbergh In Russia
Moscow, Russia—Colonel Charles A. Lindbergh and his wife are so impressed by the experimental aviation work in Soviet Russia that they hope to return in a couple of years to see for themselves how the experiments have worked out. The Colonel told of this desire at a banquet given in honor of himself and his wife.

Protest Radio Hitting
Victoria, B.C.—The ruling as announced from Ottawa that United States tourists with radio receivers in their cars must pay the usual \$2 for radio licenses was protested here at a meeting of the Citizens' Chamber of Commerce, Victoria and Vancouver Island publicity bureau and other bodies.

W. N. U. 104

B.C. Election Campaign

Premier Tominco Makes Appeal To Set Aside Party Politics

Victoria, B.C.—Premier S. F. Tominco, of British Columbia launched his government's election campaign at Nanaimo in an address in which he reiterated his appeal "to men and women of character and ability who will set aside party politics" to unite to solve the problems of the day.

A union government so constituted, in his opinion, would "oppose the delay and propose that services shall be rendered for relief granted;" and in conjunction with labor and industry conduct a survey to find and develop every means of creating employment. Rotation of work and shorter hours of labor would be among the questions considered.

He would ask federal co-operation to obtain legislation for orderly marketing of primary products; such co-operation was necessary because provincial laws in British Columbia to that end had been declared ultra vires. He would urge the Dominion to request a representation to lay out into the subject of "better terms" for British Columbia than those under which the province entered the world.

They had not been as favorable as those given other provinces.

Canadians Appointed

Will Act On Five Main Committees Of League Assembly

Geneva, Switzerland.—Canadian delegates were appointed to five of the main committees as the League of Nations assembly meeting, just opened, commenced organization work.

W. A. Riddell, permanent Canadian representative at Geneva, was appointed a member of the technical committee on the subject of the social committee. Hon. Philip Rye, Canadian minister to Paris, is a member of the judiciary and finance committee. Hon. Dr. R. J. Manion, minister of railways and Canada and head of the Canadian delegation to the assembly, was appointed to the legal and political committee.

Organized Canadian Nurses' Association

"Mother of Nursing in Canada" Dies In Toronto Hospital

Toronto, Ont.—The "Mother of Nursing in Canada," Mary Agnes St. John, first president of the Ontario General Hospital and of the Nurses' Training school there, died in the private pavilion of the hospital where she lived.

She left home for New York in 1882 and entered the Bellevue Hospital Training school, pioneer school on this continent, organized in 1873. She organized the Canadian National Association of Trained Nurses, now known as the Canadian Nurses' Association.

Returns With Full Cargo

S.S. Brandon Making Second Trip From Churchill To England

Churchill, Man.—After riding out the storm which forced her to seek when she was within 35 miles of Churchill, the S.S. Brandon docked at this northern port. She returned to the government pier at 6:30 p.m. on Sept. 26.

The "Brandon" returned to the United Kingdom with a cargo of 260,000 bushels of wheat; 200 head of cattle, the first shipment of livestock from Churchill, a shipment of lumber, and a carload of Manitoba honey for increase buyers.

Returns In Antelope

Reported To Be Worry To Ranchers In Southern Alberta

Lethbridge, Alberta.—Ranchers in southeastern Alberta claim range country are worried over the marked increase in the number of antelope ranging in the district between the Cochin branch of the Canadian Pacific Railway and the Cypress Hills.

As many as 200 of the graceful little animals are reported on single ranches. It is only a few years since the Dominion Government established an antelope park at Nemacoma, fearing the antelope, like the buffalo, were in danger of being wiped out entirely.

Manitoba Session In January
Winnipeg, Man.—The next session of the Manitoba legislature will be held toward the end of January, it was learned following a caucus of government members here.

School For Statecraft
Sudbury, Ont.—A statecraft school was advocated by Mr. Justice MacGregor at a meeting of the Board of the University of Medicine, University of Toronto, who leaves Toronto on October 15 to attend the meetings of the International Health Board in Geneva.

Praises H.B. Route

Col. James Arrives In France After Trip Described As Safe Way To Europe

Winnipeg, Man.—Enthusiastic support of the Hudson Bay route for carrying of western Canada's products to the markets of Europe is expressed by Col. P. J. James of Regina, vice-president for Saskatchewan of the On-to-the-Bay Association, who has arrived at Montreuil, France, aboard the grain carrier S.S. Pennworth.

In a communication by General R. W. Patterson, president of the On-to-the-Bay Association, Col. James said: "Had a wonderful trip, especially through the Bay and Hudson Straits—the safe way to Europe. Wheat in splendid shape."

Nineteen days out of Churchill, with a cargo of prairie wheat, the "Pennworth" reached the French port Sept. 14, and later went to Genoa, Italy, where the grain was unloaded. The ship now is returning to Newcastle, England, her home port.

Leaving Dried-Out Areas

Settlers In Alberta Take Advantage Of Free Movement Scheme

Edmonton, Alberta.—Settlers are continuing to move from the dried-out areas, and new applications are being received in large numbers at the government relief office. To date somewhat over 200 families have actually been moved, and it is believed that the original estimate of 300 families during the season will be considerably exceeded. By the end of October, when the season of movement will terminate, the total may have reached, it is thought, the figure of 400.

NEW RULING IS MADE REGARDING U. S. HOOK-UPS

Montreal, Quebec.—Canadian radio stations are forbidden to establish a permanent hook-up with United States broadcasting systems in an announcement of policy made here by Hector Charlesworth, chairman of the Canadian radio broadcasting commission.

Mr. Charlesworth said this was the policy of the commission "now and in the future."

Reports were that a Montreal station had been negotiating an agreement with the United States to take exception to emergency harvesting operations on Sunday when necessitated by weather conditions and on that score there have been but few complaints this season; but the operation of elevators on Sunday is not considered as coming under that head.

There has been no marked indication of Sunday threatening this year," says Mr. Webster.

U.S. Naval Program

Britain Is Informed That United States Cannot Postpone War

Washington.—The United States has informed the British government it cannot postpone any part of the naval building programme now underway which was suggested to Britain. The British government was reported as feeling that carrying out the whole \$23,000,000 naval construction programme might have a bad effect on moves to limit armaments. The source through which the American position was made known in reply was not disclosed at the state department.

Canadian-Produced Radium
Toronto, Ont.—The second shipment of Canadian-produced radium, consisting of 25 needles, each two milligrams was delivered to the Ontario government for use in provincial hospitals.

PROMINENT MEDICAL LEADERS ATTEND CONFERENCES

Dr. F. G. Banting (left), Canadian Professor of Medicine at the University of Toronto, who leaves Canada shortly to attend the Cancer Congress at Madrid, and Dr. J. G. Fitzgerald (right), Dean of the Faculty of Medicine, University of Toronto, who leaves Toronto on October 15 to attend the meetings of the International Health Board in Geneva.

HEADS GOOD ROADS

Delegates From British Sails For United States

Southampton, Eng.—Three British officials including Sir Frederick Leith-Ross, government economic adviser, have sailed for the United States, ready to discuss war debts with President Roosevelt.

Sir Frederick, while saying his plans were indefinite, declared he was visiting America "to observe the feeling toward the question of the war debts."

"And I expect," he added, "I shall be presented with an opportunity of discussing the position with President Roosevelt. Although for the moment he is very busy engaged with internal problems."

The other members of the party were Sir Ronald Lindsay, British ambassador to the United States, and T. K. Bewley, treasury official who has been attached to the Washington embassy.

Hundreds Are Made Homeless In Earthquake

Ninety Killed And Many Injured In Italian Disaster

Rome, Italy.—Latest reports showed 19 persons killed, approximately 200 injured and hundreds made homeless in the earthquake which rocked the Abruzzi mountain region.

Hundreds, still terrorized at night, slept in open fields, huddling about huge boulders to protect themselves from the chilly autumn mountain air. Soldiers and Pacifist militiamen erected villages of tents. The hospitals in the area were overtaxed with the injured.

Despatches from the Liguaria coastal town of Savona said a tidal wave swept the city following a slight quake in the inland region.

Deplore Sunday Work

Alberta Lord's Day Alliance To Make Protest

Edmonton, Alberta.—Sunday operation of grain elevators, claimed to be an unnecessary form of Sunday work, will be protested by the Lord's Day Alliance, it is stated by Rev. G. W. Webster, western secretary of that organization, who is now in the city. The alliance, he points out, does not take exception to emergency harvesting operations on Sunday when necessitated by weather conditions and on that score there have been but few complaints this season; but the operation of elevators on Sunday is not considered as coming under that head.

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DoLFUSS IS APPLAUDED AT LEAGUE MEETING

Geneva, Switzerland.—Highlight of the 14th meeting of the League of Nations assembly came when the short, brisk figure of Eugène Dolfuss, Austria's peckish chancellor, who has been waging a heroic battle against Nazism, stepped quickly to the rostrum and appealed for support to be greeted with deafening applause from the assembled statesmen.

Earlier, Canada, through Hon. J. Manion, Minister of Railways and Canals, pleaded for leadership to wards disarmament and world peace, occupy several times, declaring that the private manufacture of armaments for profit should be abolished. Sir John Simon, British Foreign Secretary, also addressed the assembly, declaring a disarmament convention was the greatest need of the world today.

But keenest interest was aroused when Dolfuss appeared. In the upturn of his right arm he indicated the front row remained stonily silent. Chancellor Dolfuss was emphatic that Austria was determined to maintain her independence.

"After an arduous struggle for her existence," Dolfuss insisted, "Austria today asserts more than ever before her freedom and independence—not so much in the virtue of formal treaties as essentially through the free will of her people."

Austria counted on the friendly cooperation of other powers, the chancellor said, she appealed to the league to encourage her efforts in every direction by its high moral authority.

And more cheers broke out as he concluded his speech.

After his speech, Dolfuss' remarks all thoughts turned to disarmament. The need for peace was so strong that the speaker, Sir John Simon, who opened general debate, Dr. Manion pressed for the application of the Kellogg peace pact and the outlawry of war. The disarmament conversations that have been proceeding for some time are continuing by the British government and the French and British, as the statements seek common agreement on the points upon which the disarmament conference resumes next month. The league council will meet but its assembly will not sit.

Sir John Simon said a prompt disarmament agreement was a vital necessity for world political and economic recovery.

"A disarmament convention based on concession and co-operation is the greatest need of the world," he declared, adding he detected certain signs of a beginning in economic recovery, but such a recovery could not make strides without political amelioration.

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Prefer Marriage

Test In Britain Would Show That

London, Eng.—The brainiest women prefer marriage is the only logical conclusion to be drawn from this announcement that 12 women entering the examination for the highest class in the civil service, not one of them was married.

This examination is the stiffest in the civil service, but it is no harder than the Oxford final school or the Cambridge tripos examinations where women perform proportionately as successful as men.

The "Pinner" Cocker, Candidate for the civil service examination must be either unmarried or widowed, and they are required to resign any appointment on marriage. Apparently these stipulations balked the women cleverest at examination.

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TO DISSOCIATE ARMAMENTS AND PRIVATE PROFIT

Geneva, Switzerland.—Abolition of the private manufacture of munitions and armaments was urged before the League of Nations assembly by Hon. J. Manion, Canadian Minister of Railways and Canals, and leader of the Canadian delegation.

Dr. Manion said never in history had there been so many agreements and pacts designed to guarantee the security of nations. Yet it was probably safe to say that at no time since the armistice had there been more uncertainty.

"It is our opinion," Mr. Manion declared, "that every effort should be made to dissociate armament-making and private profit. As article eight of the league covenant points out, the manufacture of munitions and armaments is a business, and it is up to us to give abolition." With that we wholly agree.

"We therefore hope that in the near future an agreement may be reached to do away with this evil either by nationalization or by the complete control of this industry."

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THE CHRONICLE OFFICE IS FULLY EQUIPPED TO PRINT

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AND EVERYTHING IN THE LINE OF COMMERCIAL OR SOCIETY PRINTING.

THE invigorating climate of a typical Canadian winter, now regarded as an hardship rather than a hardship, owing to the unusual variety of its beneficial and appealing sports, attracting increasing numbers of visitors to the Dominion.

Across Canada there are many beautiful and attractive snow-clad mountains, hills and valleys, which offer exceptional opportunities for enjoying a wide variety of outdoor winter sports. The principal activities throughout the country are skiing, snowshoeing, sleighing, tobogganing, curling, hockey, bob-sledding and dog sledging, all of which may be thoroughly enjoyed under ideal conditions. With the exception of an occasional day during mid-winter, the temperature is not too low for participating in outdoor sports.

While motor travel is not general during the winter season, there are many long stretches of highway which are kept conditioned throughout the winter months. The traveller will always find train service a modern and convenient means of transportation. Hotels at many of the leading summer resorts remain open the year round, offering good accommodation for those wishing to participate in local winter sports.

WIDE RANGE OF SPORT IN EVERY PROVINCE
Each province possesses winter attractions more or less peculiar to its own particular surroundings. Practically all forms of winter sport are available in the Maritime Provinces, but a preference is shown for hockey and curling. In the province of Quebec

the major sport events centre in and around Montreal, Quebec City, Murray Bay and the Laurentian mountains. Lovers of winter sports will find vast territories in Ontario which are ideal in location and in scenic beauty. Ottawa, the federal capital, is adjacent to some of the finest scenic country in the continent, while the best of ice-skiing may be enjoyed in Toronto bay and along the waterfront of Lake Ontario. In the Muskoka and Algonquin Park districts, hotels and cabins are open for the accommodation of winter visitors. In Manitoba the Winnipeg homelife, also the winter carnival held at The Pas, are annual events of international interest, while Banff, situated in the scenic Rockies in Alberta, is one of the most important centres for winter sports. Record performances in ski-jumping have been witnessed at Revelstoke. The islands and mainland of the southwestern part of British Columbia offer golf, tennis and other summer sports, for the winter visitor.

OYSTERS SOURCE OF HEALTH MINERALS

Consider the oyster for a moment. It's looks may be a bit odd but "hardshell" is as handsome food and the oyster, so scientific research has shown, stores up for those who eat it appreciable quantities of all the minerals which have been found essential to the normal functioning of the animal body. In other words, the oyster is an excellent food because not only does it supply protein, etc. but it also supplies necessary inorganic constituents, some of which are lacking in most other foods.

In Canada oysters may be obtained from both Atlantic and Pacific coast sources. New Brunswick is the largest producer among the provinces, with Prince Edward Island normally ranking second, British Columbia third and then Nova Scotia. The oysters from all of these areas are of good quality. Questions concerning oysters are only a few among many subjects which fisheries research workers in different countries have been carrying on in recent years, primarily with a view to assisting the further development of fisheries resources and the fishing industry. What gives cod liver oil its great health value, why is it that people who eat sea foods are less ill than others to develop goitre, what treats do salmon take when they migrate, what's the likely abundance of mackerel in the Atlantic waters of North America from season to season, why are shellfish harmful in the diet of persons disposed to anæmia, what starts does water temperature have in determining the movements of different kinds of fish, how may the "yawning" of halibut after landings be prevented or the "blackening" of canned lobsters—these and a host of other questions have commanded the attention of the research people, and in many cases with very useful results.

GOVERNMENT OF THE DOMINION OF CANADA 1933 REFUNDING LOAN

The Dominion of Canada offers for public subscription

Two-year 3½% Bonds, due 15th October, 1935
Issue Price: 99.80 and accrued interest, yielding 3.75% to maturity.

Six-year 4% Bonds, due 15th October, 1939
Issue Price: 99.00 and accrued interest, yielding 4.18% to maturity.

Twelve-year 4% Bonds, due 15th October, 1945
Issue Price: 96.50 and accrued interest, yielding 4.58% to maturity.

Principal payable without charge in lawful money of Canada, at the office of the Minister of Finance and Receiver General of Canada at Ottawa, or at the office of the Assistant Receiver General at Halifax, Saint John, Charlottetown, Montreal, Toronto, Winnipeg, Regina, Calgary or Victoria.

Interest payable half-yearly, 15th April and 15th October, in lawful money of Canada, without charge, at any branch in Canada of any Chartered Bank.

Denominations

Two-year Bonds, \$1,000
Six-year Bonds, \$500 and \$1,000
Twelve-year Bonds, \$100, \$500 and \$1,000

Cash Subscriptions

Cash subscriptions will be received only for the Six-year 4% Bonds and for the Twelve-year 4% Bonds. All cash subscriptions will be subject to allotment. Following the announcement of the plan of allotment, delivery of interim certificates against payment in full for the bonds allotted will be promptly effected.

Refunding Subscriptions

Holders of Victory Loan 5½% Bonds due 1st November, 1933, after detaching and retaining the coupon due 1st November next, may, for the period during which the subscription lists are open, tender their bonds in lieu of cash subscriptions for the same par value of bonds in one or more maturities of the new issue and receive allotment in full with prompt delivery. The surrender value of the Victory 5½% Bonds will be as follows:

100% of their par value on subscriptions for the Two-year 3½% Bonds and the Six-year 4% Bonds.
100% of their par value on subscriptions for the Twelve-year 4% Bonds if effected on or before 16th October, and 100% of their par value after that date.
No accrued interest on the new bonds will be charged on refunding subscriptions if effected on or before 16th October. After that date accrued interest from 15th October will be charged.
Holders will receive in cash the difference between the surrender value of their Victory Bonds and the cost of the bonds of the new issue.

The amount of this Loan is limited to \$285,000,000.

The Loan is authorized under Act of the Parliament of Canada, and both principal and interest are a charge on the Consolidated Revenue Fund of Canada.

The proceeds of this Loan will retire \$169,971,880 Dominion of Canada 5½% Bonds maturing 1st November, 1938, and \$40,000,000 short-term Treasury Bills.

The balance will be used for the general purposes of the Government.

Subscriptions will be received and receipts issued by any branch in Canada of any Chartered Bank and by Recognized Dealers, from whom may be obtained application forms and copies of the official prospectus containing complete details of the Loan. Applications will not be valid on forms other than those printed by the King's Printer.

The subscription lists will open on 10th October, 1933, and will close on or before 24th October, 1933, with or without notice, at the discretion of the Minister of Finance.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE
Ottawa, Ont. Canada, 1933.

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Canada, of course has not lagged behind other countries in this field. On the contrary, the Dominion has been well to the fore, and some outstanding pieces of work have been done by the permanent staff of scientists employed under the Biological Board of Canada.

So far as the oyster is concerned some of the latest research has been done in the United States. These particular investigations have extended over quite a length of time, and among other points which they have established, according to official reports, is that the effectiveness of oysters in cases of nutritional anæmia is due to the fact that they contain iron, copper and manganese in form easily available for building up the red corpuscles of the blood. It was also found that not only do oysters contain these essential substances in readily available form but that they are equalled or exceeded only by liver in the amount of iron and copper which they may furnish in an average serving. Then, too, oysters contain other inorganic constituents which are required by the human body, but these latter substances are obtainable in satisfactory quantities in some other foods as well.

BE WARNED IN TIME

A man who would not take his home paper sent his little boy to borrow the copy taken by his neighbor. In his haste for the news the boy ran over a hive of bees and in ten minutes he looked like a wary squaw. His cries reached his father who ran to his assistance and falling to note a barbed wire fence, ran into that, breasting it down, uttering a handful of fresh from his anatomy and ruining a \$5 pair of

pants. The cow took advantage of the gap in the fence, and got into the corn. Hearing the racket the wire ran, upset a four-gallon churn of cream into a basket of kittens and drowned them. In her hurry she lost a \$47 set of teeth. The baby, left alone, crawled through the cream and into the parlor, ruining a brand new \$80 carpet. During the excitement the oldest daughter ran away with the hired man, and the dog broke up eleven setting hens and the calves got out and chewed the tails off four night shirts. The man could have got a paper of his own at \$1.00 a year and saved all the trouble and expense—Exchange.

The afternoon train to Granger on Monday, Wednesday and Friday now arrives about an hour earlier and as a result the mail arrives in Carbon on these days one hour earlier.

There is nothing strange in the fact that the modern girl is a "wire wire". She carries practically no insulation.

IF YOU

Have Anything to sell.
Want to rent a farm,
Want to buy a house in
Carbon, or are in need
of anything, Just advertise it
in THE CHRONICLE

Canada's most popular tires

GOOD YEAR



Both quality tires—made with Goodyear Superswift cords and Goodyear-processed rubber. Long, safe service—extra mileage—built into them. More people ride on Goodyear tires than on any other kind. Let us fit new, safe Goodyear Tires on your car now. You'll be surprised at the low prices.

12 months guarantee against defects and road hazards

GARRETT MOTORS

FARM CREDIT CORPORATION NEEDED FOR WEST

Ottawa, Ont.—The setting up of an agricultural credit corporation which would operate on a non-profit basis is suggested in a brief presented to the royal commission on banking by a special western interprovincial committee appointed by members of the three prairie provinces.

The capital structure of this corporation would be made up of Dominion and provincial governments, together with some contribution from the borrower. Credit from it should be made available at the lowest cost as a matter of public policy.

The Dominion government should adopt measures designed to raise the level of agricultural prices "to a point which would restore the farm income," the committee asserts.

International co-operation to that end should be undertaken. Also, some solution of the problem in western Canada must be found if people are not to be driven from the farms. With this in view, the committee suggests amendments to the Bankruptcy Act, "so as to provide facilities for which insolvent farmers may secure the aid of a trustee quickly a composition and extension of their debts, secured and unsecured, which will be binding on all their creditors when approved by the appropriate court." It is also suggested that, in cases where the trustee's proceedings can be avoided, proceeds be given to the debt adjustment boards of the respective provinces to enable compromises and adjustments of farm debts.

Evidence submitted to the commission indicated "a lack of satisfaction" with regard to interest charges made by the banks, and also with their practice of making notes repayable in three months, the committee states. The banks should be urged, it is suggested, "to loan to borrowers on terms of repayment likely to coincide with the realization from the venture for which the money was borrowed. The bank should be amended, making it clear that the banks cannot charge a rate of interest in excess of seven per cent, and impose penalties if such is done."

Another suggestion embodied in the brief is that the banks be empowered and encouraged to lend to farmers on the security of threshing grain on the farm. If necessary, amendments to the Bank Act would permit this and there should be no risk of fire and theft should, it is stated, be covered by insurance so that the banks will have maximum security on the grain.

The committee urges that, in case of unemployment and drought relief should be made available at a rate not exceeding one per cent, and the discount rate of the finance department.

Dealing with the question of exchange the brief asserts that the prairie governments have paid \$5,409,124 in exchange premiums on their bonded debts during the past two and a half years. It is estimated that 60 per cent of the sum so paid was collected by Canadian holders of the bonds.

"We suggest that steps should be taken to prevent Canadian bondholders from demanding payment in other than Canadian funds, and that the buying and selling of foreign exchange be under the control of a central bank," the submission concludes.

Record Price For Beef

Springfield, Mass.—A new record price for beef steak on the hoof was paid at the baby beef sale at the Eastern States exposition, when the grand champion owned by Theresa Grant, of Pine Plains, New York, brought \$11.15 per pound at auction. This compares with a previous record of 18.50 paid at the East St. Louis fair last year.

Banks For Reichstag House

London, Eng.—An international legal commission which has been holding an inquiry into the Berlin Reichstag fire last February, found that grave dangers existed for suspecting that the building was set afire by the Nazis rather than by the Communists whom the German government has accused.

Studying Tax Problems

Winnipeg, Man.—J. A. Byng, commissioner of income taxation for Saskatchewan, was in Winnipeg to consult with D. C. Stewart, Manitoba, administrator of income taxation, concerning means of eliminating overlapping taxation on individuals subject to taxation in both provinces.

W. N. O. 1913

Favors Tariff Cut

Controlled Inflation And Lower Tariffs Favored By U.S. Official

Henry Wallace, U.S. Secretary of Agriculture, told the United States Grain Dealers' Association that he still favors controlled inflation.

Along with this he criticized high tax psychology and warned that attempts to fix prices "without control of production is doomed to failure."

"Most of the price fixers are inflationists," he said. "If the purchasing power of farm products does not improve during the next 12 months, the price fixers and inflationists will have great power in congress this winter and there will be passed legislation which will make the Agricultural Adjustment Act seem extraordinarily conservative."

Secretary Wallace said he looked for decidedly higher agricultural prices within a few months, but that he felt the improvement might come to an end if "we are not prepared to meet the peril produced by the following forces." He said these were:

"First, America is a creditor nation to the tune of \$1,000,000,000 annually, but, as a nation, she has a debtor psychology. Second, the American people are still essentially high tariff in their attitude. Third, the American people are disinclined to lend money abroad, and it will be difficult to foot foreign loans."

"These three forces mean that for the time being our people are preoccupied with the problem of inflation as they are operating on the basis, we should go at it wholeheartedly to put the economy in a halfway condition of it, and at the same time collect in full the money which is owed us abroad, and refuse to lend money abroad, it will take superhuman efforts on the part of the agricultural adjustment administration year after year to keep down our acreage to a point which will afford a living price to American farmers."

Empire News

Clearing House For Empire News

Toronto, Ont.—National press associations in each of the Dominions, freely exchanging news of the empire, are now at work on a project to hope for in a committee of the British Commonwealth Relations Conference. It was suggested if South Africa, Australia and India could set up co-operative associations as in Canada and New Zealand, the road would be prepared for the establishment in London of a clearing-house for this purpose, in which the press of the United Kingdom would be invited to participate.

Kitsilano Boys' Band

Have Accepted Invitation To Play

At Crystal Palace, London
Vancouver, B.C.—Kitsilano Boys' Band, which was honored across continent, has accepted an invitation to play next summer in the Crystal Palace, London, England, during the band's calendar for 1934.

The youthful musicians took the Pacific northwest and British Columbia honors in 1931-32-33, the Canadian championship at the Canadian National exhibition in 1929 and the world's championship in their class at a Century of Progress Fair in Chicago recently.

Warning is Given

Heavy Penalty For Melting Down

Ottawa, Ont.—A warning to melt down gold coin in order to secure the high price now prevailing for the raw metal, is contained in a statement issued by the Department of Finance.

Section 25 of the Currency Act provides that the penalty for illegally melting with gold coin shall be a fine not exceeding \$250, or imprisonment for not more than 12 months, or both fine and imprisonment.

American Section At Geneva

Geneva, Switzerland.—The American Minister to Switzerland, Hugh R. Wilson, practically living in Geneva, and with five members of the consular staff headed by Prentiss B. Gilchrist, devoting themselves exclusively to League of Nations questions, the league decided to inaugurate a special American section.

Relief Camps

Edmonton, Alberta.—Officials of the Department of Agriculture and Cattle are conferring with Alberta Government officials on the opening of special jobs relief camps in this province, to meet the winter demand for relief supervision.

No More Free Gas

Say Joy Riders From Alberta Obtaining Free Gas From B.C.

Victoria, B.C.—Joy riders from Alberta have been obtaining free gasoline in British Columbia, according to Hon. W. M. Dennis, British Columbia Minister of Labor, just returned from his negotiations in the Okanagan and Kootenay districts.

Mr. Dennis said families were driving across the inter-provincial line in old cars and asking for free meals and a supply of gas to go on their way. Most municipal officials found it cheaper to speed them on their way with gas instead of harboring them.

The minister said word apparently spread to the provinces and increased the flow of ancient cars from Alberta into the southern section of the province.

Mr. Dennis issued orders to no more free gas be supplied to prairie titmice.

Growth Of Empire Trade

Exports For August Of Very Encouraging Nature

Ottawa, Ont.—Exports to British Empire countries and Australia exclusive of those to the United Kingdom, totalled in value \$4,074,000. This was an increase of \$222,000 over August last year and the highest since November, 1931, when the total was \$2,072,000, according to the Dominion Bureau of Statistics.

The largest export last month was to Australia, valued at \$966,000, an increase of \$101,000, in which lumber from British Columbia played a conspicuous part.

Exports to the Irish Free State, Newfoundland, Bermuda, the British West Indies, the British countries of Africa, British Guiana, Hong Kong, Palestine and British Oceania, all showed gains last month.

WIDER POWERS FOR DOLLFUS ARE INDICATED

Vienna.—It was authoritatively announced that Chancellor Dollfus was taking over complete executive control of Austrian affairs, including the army, the police and the gendarmerie in a new "cabinet of personalities."

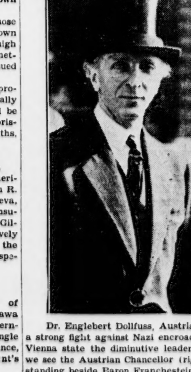
It was not as yet definitely decided whether the Heimwehr (home guard) will remain a part of the political picture. A new cabinet list, however, was expected.

Shortly after the announcement a Christian-Social meeting under the chairmanship of Karl Vaugin, minister of the army, and an ironic coincidence—Princess Starnberg, mother of the Heimwehr leader, wound up by issuing a communique to the effect that the party was solidly behind Dollfus.

"The Christian cooperative authority state," This was exactly the same phrase used by Dollfus on September 11 when he set forth his conception of the new Austrian state, which prefigured a worthy battle between Prince Starnberg and Vice-Chancellor Winkler.

CABINET TROUBLE MAY UPSET DOLLFUS

Edmonton, Alberta.—Advised by his aunt and uncle, Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Blench of Edmonton, eight-year-old Walter Huggins, travelled alone from Cape Town, South Africa, to the Alberta capital after his mother and father had died. The boy said he enjoyed the 13,000 mile trip and he eager to see his first snowfall.



NEW DEPUTY MINISTER

Dr. R. E. Wedehouse, Executive Secretary of the Canadian Tuberculosis Association, who has just been appointed Deputy Minister of Pensions and National Health for the Dominion.

Northern Air Route

Winnipeg Expected To Be In Important Position In Trans-Atlantic Service

Ottawa, Ont.—While it is too soon to predict the role that Winnipeg will play, it is learned here on official advice that the negotiations for a trans-Atlantic air service are now rapidly reaching a final stage. The three main routes are being considered: one to the United States, Canada and Great Britain and the route will be north across Labrador or Hudson Bay to Greenland, thence to Iceland and to the British Isles.

The negotiations are now proceeding at London, where the Canadian government and, probably, the Canadian Airways, are represented. The United States participant is the American Airways, Limited, and the British negotiator is the British Airways.

An announcement of the plans for an early trans-Atlantic service is expected within six weeks.

It is not known here if the plans will call for a branch line from Chicago to Winnipeg and thence northward to tap the main line, but it is said that this possibility is being considered.

Railway Fares

Scaling Down In Prices Seen, And Excursions May Be Permanent

Calgary, Alberta.—Rumored consideration of a scaling down of railway fares in United States is subject to close observation by Canadian railway executives. E. W. Beatty, president of the Canadian Pacific Railway, said here.

"The question of lower fares is a matter of development and depends on future traffic," Mr. Beatty said. "But I believe, judging by the manner in which they have been patronized, excursions have come to stay."

Boy Takes Long Journey

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Study Cosmic Rays

U.S. Army Plane Carries Instruments Four Miles Above Earth

Riverside, California.—Using army bombing planes to carry their sensitive instruments nearly four miles above the earth, Dr. Robert Millikan, noted Pasadena scientist, and his assistant, Dr. Victor Neher, have resumed their efforts to learn more about the cosmic ray.

An airplane, girdled in 25 pounds of water flying clothes and equipment with oxygen breathing facilities and crew supplied to use about 15,000 feet, near the instruments to 19,000 feet hourly.

The plane remained at that altitude for one hour and 15 minutes and at 15,000 feet for a similar period. Dr. Neher said the plans several flights daily for two weeks.

Similar tests were conducted on behalf of Dr. Millikan in Northern Manitoba in 1932. On that occasion a Royal Canadian Air Force "plane made altitude flights after being fitted out as an aerial-laboratory."

Find Free Gold

One Body Is Discovered In Stevenson Lake Area

The Pas, Man.—Predictions made last year that the next big gold find would be recorded at Oxford Lake and vicinity have been borne out by a number of strikes in the Stevenson Lake area about midway between Oxford House and Lake Umbagog according to word received here.

Among those in the field is James R. Thompson, a former U.S. Geological Survey man, Central Manitoba, and well known in Ontario and Quebec.

Free gold is spattered over a wide area, estimated to be \$120 per ton. Claims extend three miles along Stevenson Lake shore.

Bernt Balchen In Hospital

National Flyer Has Operation For Appendicitis

Cape Town, Union of South Africa.—Bernt Balchen, the noted flyer, well known in Canada, underwent an appendicitis operation described as completely successful.

The mystery of his whereabouts which caused Sir Hubert Wilkins and his shipmates some hours of inquiry was cleared up by a statement that when he left the ship he met a friend and a shipmate at a hotel. It was explained he spent the evening in his friend's company and returned shortly before dawn, going to bed without cognizant of the excitement created by his "disappearance."

FOUR NATIONS MAY AGREE ON ARMS CONTROL

London, Eng.—Broadly outlined, the aims of the British government disarmament question, it was understood to be the application of the principle of armament limitation to a single nation.

At a special meeting the cabinet reviewed the situation and heard the report of Captain Anthony Eden, under-secretary for Foreign Affairs. The net result of the cabinet's deliberations, the Canadian Press was authorized informed, was to leave the ministers firm in their contention that the adoption of a disarmament pact was imperative.

Paris, France.—A united disarmament front of Great Britain, United States, France and Italy, based on the French plan for armament control, was believed by French officials to be near.

While British quarters were recent pending the outcome of a cabinet meeting at London, France, it was maintained the points of view of the four powers were close enough to enable an accord. This it was believed would include the control scheme, sanctions against any nation violating a disarmament agreement, and limitations of armistice and guns.

Would Provide Work

Big Reconstruction Project Advocated In Winnipeg

Winnipeg, Man.—A city home reconstruction project, which would provide work for thousands of Winnipeg building tradesmen, is advocated by the civic town planning and zoning board of the Winnipeg building trade council.

The project was discussed at the conference here, and under the plan the reconstruction and providing the elements would be asked to finance a scheme for remodeling city buildings in the center of the city, and in the districts of the city.

Big Bomber Exports

Vancouver, B.C.—Export of a great deal of lumber from British Columbia in August set a new high record, according to figures issued by the Pacific Lumber Association here. The figure was 73,432,000 feet against 73,077,000 in August, 1929, the highest record in August, 1922, export only totaled 27,400,000 feet.

TENSION HIGH AT OPENING OF LEAGUE PARLEY

Geneva, Switzerland.—The state of political tension existing in Europe was exemplified as Swiss delegates from many cities began mobilizing to reinforce Geneva police on the eve of the League of Nations assembly and counsel towards the disarmament conference.

The purpose was said to be primarily to protect the lives of German delegates.

Opening of the conference begins a period of intense activity in the league. That the very peace of Europe is the stake of negotiations about to commence was the consensus of opinion.

On one side are France and allied nations apparently ready to limit but not to exclude armaments, at least prior to termination of the period of rigid control of existing armaments which France has proposed.

On the other side is what is called an awakened, fiercely nationalized, Hitlerized Germany, seemingly determined to insist on equalization of armaments and emancipation from the military restrictions of the treaty of Versailles.

A visit of Conference President Arthur Henderson to Berlin was understood to have been influential in an optimistic view of prospects toward disarmament. Germany was understood to be ready to accept non-recurrence of hostilities, but was determined to the definition of aggression determined upon by the league and to accept supporting the conference with penalties for violations.

Canada's New Loan

Will Be Used Chiefly For Refunding Maturing Bonds

Ottawa, Ont.—The Dominion government loan, which will be "substantially less than \$250,000,000," according to a high official of the finance department, will be "essentially a refunding loan and a modest financial transaction in every sense of the word," an official said.

The date of interest rate of the new issue has not yet been fixed. Officials are confident the public will take the opportunity to convert their maturing bonds into new long-term securities at a slightly lowered interest rate.

The loan is chiefly for the purpose of refunding the \$180,000,000 worth of six-year maturing bonds in November 1 and a bank loan of some \$25,000,000 maturing at the same time. The total issue will be only slightly in excess of these requirements.

May Recall Film Stars

German Members Of Hollywood May Have To Return To Germany

Hollywood, Calif.—German members of the motion picture industry are expected to receive a report from Berlin that a move was on foot to demand their return to the fatherland to participate in national rebirth of the nation.

Marlene Dietrich, Dorothea Weck, Ernst Lubitsch and many other Hollywood celebrities would be affected by the order now being discussed by the Film Reichswehr, the controlling motion picture organization there, and said to be backed by Adolf Hitler.

Morphine Case

Victoria, B.C.—Sacks of dried poppy heads were stacked in the court room as material evidence in the trial of a British subject here on a charge of possessing morphine. The British Canadian Mounted Police recently seized a sack of dried poppy heads from a city and British home and that was the last case arising out of the seizure. The case was adjourned.

Made Dugers a Trip

Edmonton, Alberta.—Four Edmonton youths have completed the trans-Canada 25,000-mile canoe trip down the Saskatchewan River and tributaries from Rocky Mountain House to this city. The dangerous waters against their came near, the occupants narrowly escaping death. The canoeists were: Arthur H. Brown, Robert Brown and Allan Bralies.

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MONDAY, OCTOBER 16
ALL-TALKING PICTURES

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80 COMEDY AND PATHE NEWS

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PARADISE & EXETER

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LET US QUOTE YOU PRICES NOW

THE CHRONICLE

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Services will be held as follows:

1st Sunday in month—Morning Prayer

and Holy Communion.

2nd Sunday—Morning Prayer

and Holy Communion.

3rd Sunday—Morning Prayer

and Holy Communion.

SUNDAY SCHOOL, Every Sunday

beginning at 12 noon.

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Dry Cleaning — Repairing
Men's and ladies' suits and
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with stock in charge of Mr.

Winterson of the Carbon Trading

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Ampletime Service Day and Night

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TOWN & COUNTY

Personalographs

Mr. and Mrs. R.J. Fairbairn of Calgary visited at the home of Mr. and Mrs. S.F. Torrance on Tuesday last.

Mrs. C. Moorhouse spent a few days in Calgary last week.

The Junior Hockey Club of Carbon is holding a dance in the Farmers' Exchange hall, Carbon, on Friday, October 20th. The Silver Club Dance Orchestra has been engaged to play and with this excellent music promised the dance should prove a popular event.

A. F. McKibbin motored to Carman on Sunday and returned on Tuesday with Mrs. McKibbin and son, who had been visiting with Mr. McKibbin's mother.

Mr. and Mrs. Harley Wilson spent Wednesday and Thursday in Calgary.

Rev. Wm. McNichol, Jas. Flavel, Len Poxon and E. Rouleau spent on Tuesday three days of last week on a goose hunt and returned with fifteen of the large birds.

Mr. and Mrs. T.J. Johnson and family spent Tuesday of last week in Calgary.

Mr. and Mrs. Hutchison have moved into the house which was formerly occupied by Mr. Eli Poxon.

Alex Reid Sr. was a Calgary visitor last Thursday and Friday.

MAGIC GAS

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Increases mileage 25 to 50 per cent. Prevents Carbon. Multiplies power. Adds 50 per cent to life of motor.

Makes car start easier and run better in cold weather.

Perfects ignition and lubrication—Lessens odor and smoke.

Contains no acids, alkali, ether or other chemicals that would possibly injure the mechanism of motor.

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OLIVE GARAGE

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WILL BE IN CARBON WEEK OF OCTOBER 30

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FOR SALE, cheap, house and lot in Carbon. Taxes clear, 2 rooms with pantry and clothes cupboard. Fully plastered, well finished and warmly built. Apply to Daphne Nash.

GENTLEMEN — Sanitary Rubber Goods. Send for catalogue or \$1.00 for fifteen assorted samples. European importations, highest quality. Postpaid, plain wrapper, same day an order received. — National Distributors, Box 442, Regina, Sask.

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Want a Cook
Want a Clerk
Want a Partner
Want a Situation
Want a Servant Girl
Want to sell a Piano
Want to sell a Carriage
Want to buy or sell a farm
Want to sell Hogs or Poultry
Want to sell Groceries or Drugs
Want to sell household furniture
Want to sell dry goods or carpets
Want to rent houses for Anytime
Then advertise in

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The Very Best Medium in the District Advertising will gain new customers. Advertising will keep old customers.

Advertising liberally always pays.

Advertising begins confidence.

Advertising shows energy.

Advertising shows pluck.

Advertise then, at once.

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ADVERTISE RIGHT NOW!

READ THE ADVERTISEMENTS!

Here and Here

An orchard consisting of only one tree which has borne 110 different varieties of apples and one variety of pears by means of careful grafting is located in Eastern Canada. This orchard 47 varieties of apples put forth blossoms.

Canada produced 1,255,585 ounces of silver during 1932 as compared with 1,207,127 ounces in February and 1,179,127 ounces in March 1932. 4,275,518 ounces were produced during the first quarter of 1932, a 17 per cent. decline as compared with the same period in 1931.

Hon. Frank L. Polk, acting secretary of state for the United States in 1915-16, well-known corporation lawyer and director of many companies, including the Chase National Bank and the Northern Pacific Railway, is staying at the Buft Springs hotel with his family for the summer vacation.

More than equalling expectations the 1932 York-Maitland cruise of the Queen of Bedford, set a new holiday record for special trips recently when 200 passengers took the excursion. Guarded by a police force of 100 men night and a picturesque row down the St. Lawrence, the passengers embarked steadily at the rate of three to the minute for five hours.

When cutting is now general in Manitoba and under way in the other prairie provinces, according to a recent weekly report issued by J. M. McKay, general agricultural agent, Canadian Pacific Railway, Western Lines. There is still, however, great need for further moisture, especially in the central and southerly parts of the grain-growing provinces.

Fresh from a victory in which he carried an appeal for a Chinese sentenced to hang, to the Privy Council, calling in connection to law imprisonment, Rev. Father Joseph S. Lavoie, of Montreal, N. Y., landed at Vancouver from Hong Kong aboard the Empress of Canada recently. He was frankly pleased at his success in the role of pro-litigator, but his only comment was "We try to help where we can."

Seeking the big fish he missed catching when he was unable to accompany their Majesty the King and Queen of Slim to Campbell River in September 1931 during their Canadian-American tour, Brig.-General D. de L. Pines, chief of the Canadian Pacific Investigation Department, is on a trip to the waters of the famous type one of the prize game fish of British Columbia lakes and streams.

Cultural and educational relations in the Pacific will be stressed at the fifth Biennial Conference of the Institute of Pacific Relations to be held at Banff Springs Hotel, August 24-28. Each country attending will naturally be to the fore in the discussions, said Miss Elizabeth Green, editor of the Institute's Journal, on her arrival aboard the Empress of Canada at Vancouver recently en route for Banff.

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The same reason which inspired grain growers to ask for the service and protection of this co-operative system of elevators suggest that patronage should continue to be extended to them on a generous scale.

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Horse Blankets

A good variety of horse blankets in stock at reasonable prices

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Hon. R. G. REID, Provincial Treasurer

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MEN'S 'IN. LEATHER BOOTS, from \$5.50 to \$8.00
WORK SHOES, from \$1.50 to \$3.00
MEN'S WORK SOCKS, for pair 20c; 35c and 50c
GLOVES—in all sizes and makes, from 35c to \$1.75
MEN'S WORK SHIRTS, 75c to \$1.50
SUMMER UNDERWEAR, new mill from 75c to \$1.00
OVERALLS AND PANTS in ALL SIZES AT LOW PRICES

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